The Caring Economy STARTER COURSE

A bite-sized introduction to an equitable and sustainable economy



Social Wealth
ECONOMIC INDICATORS



CENTER FOR Partnership Studies

A Few Notes:

- The slides and speaking notes from this webinar will be made available to you after the session today
- You will also receive a link to a webinar recording
- During the presentation, we will keep all participants on mute to avoid background noise
- Following the presentation, we will have an opportunity for discussion. You can participate by:
 - raising your hand, using the hand button on your control panel, OR
 - you can type a question or comment into the chat box at the bottom of your control panel.







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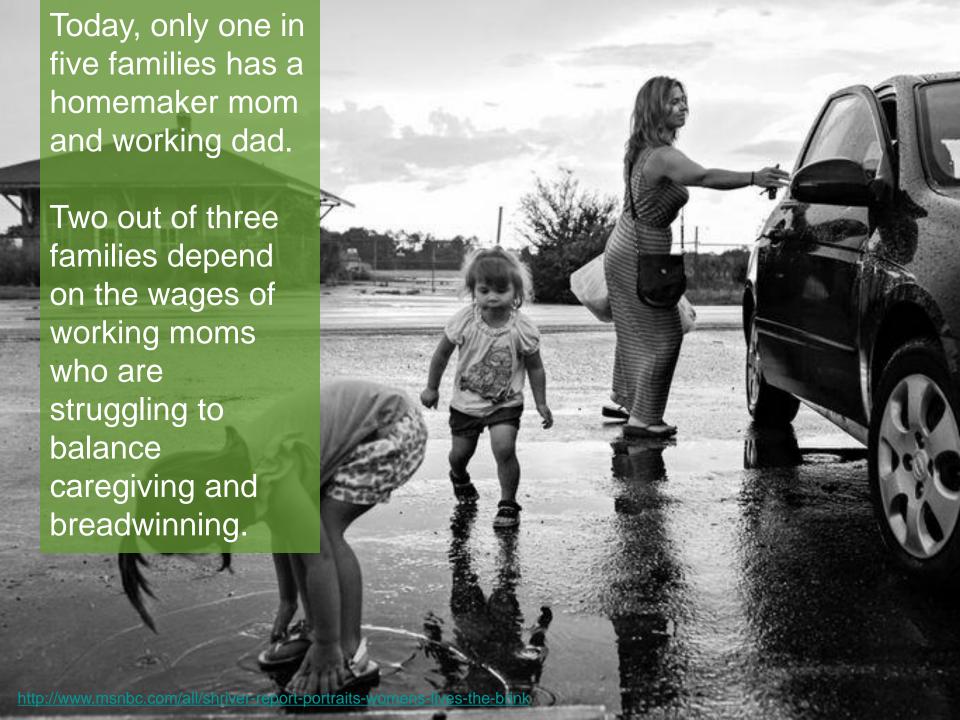
Riane Eisler
President,
Center for Partnership Studies
and Author, The Real Wealth
of Nations
center@partnershipway.org













http://www.msnbc.com/all/shriver-report-portraits-womens-lives-the-brink

We have been operating as if care and caregiving work have no economic value –

as if the work of taking care of children, elders, and other members of our communities is somehow separate from our economic success.







1 Public Policy

Social Wealth Economic Indicators



2

Leadership & Learning Programs

Training leaders in the Caring Economy & Partnership movements



3

Coalition-Building

Organizational
Partnerships
Social media outreach





care = prosperity

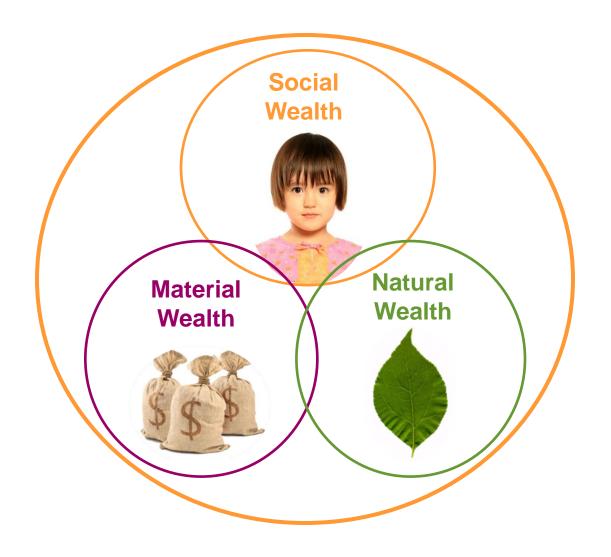
Q:

What things in your life bring you most fulfillment, happiness, and well-being?

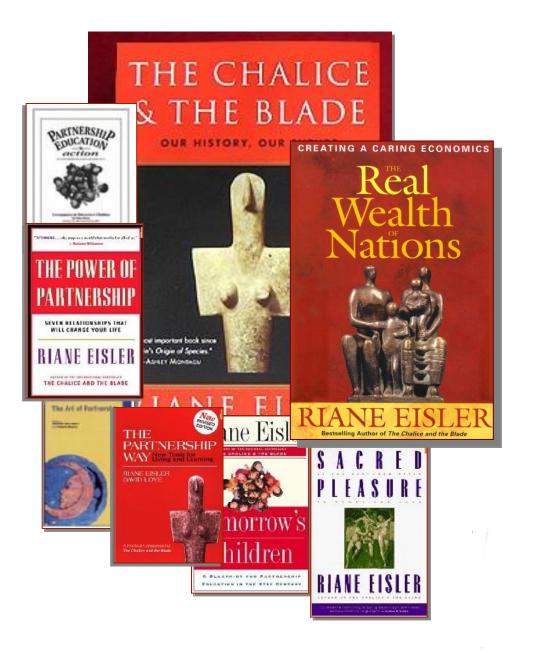
Use your chat box to share your top 3 things

what is wealth?





REAL WEALTH



Dr. Riane Eisler

What kind of an economy grows our real wealth?



The work of care and caregiving



grows our real wealth

Historically, economists have made the work of care invisible

Economically speaking, what she's doing doesn't look like "productive work" to me.

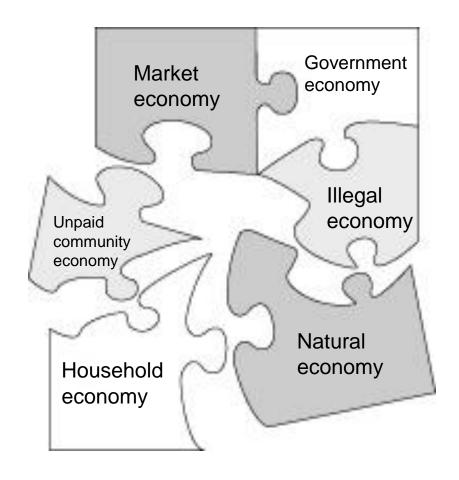
I agree, I'd call it "reproductive work."

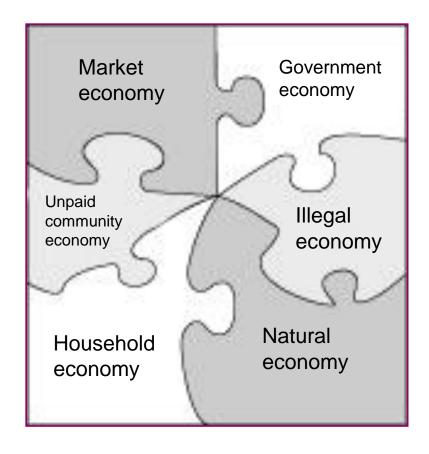












The old economic map

The new economic map









Ist Key

Policies that provide meaningful supports to the women and men who do the work of care in both market and non-market economic sectors



What kinds of policies?

- Parental leave
- Paid Sick days
- Paid Family and Medical Leave
- Flexible work options
- Workplace childcare
- Wellness programs



20 weeks paid leave



14 weeks paid leave6 weeks for partners



16 weeks paid leave plus earn 40-hour salary for 30-hour work first 6 months back



Unlimited paid leave for one year



4 months paid leave



18 weeks paid leave



http://money.cnn.com/2015/08/05/tech nology/microsoft-maternity-leave/

Caring business policies create proven returns

KPMG Emergency back-up childcare program	After 6 months, 125% ROI After 4 years, 521% ROI
JOHNSON & JOHNSON Flexible work options and family leave programs	50% less absenteeism
UPS Flexible work schedules	Reduced turnover from 50% to 6%
STEELCASE Wellness program	55% lower medical claims over 6 years



About 25% of women in the **United States** go back to work 10 days after having a baby.

http://www.techrepublic.com/article/10 -things-you-need-to-know-aboutmaternity-leave-in-the-us/





2nd Key

Investment in high-quality early childhood experiences at home and in school

What kinds of investments?

- Accessible, high-quality child care
- Subsidies for childcare
- Training requirements for early child care workers
- Parenting programs



Where are we in the US today?

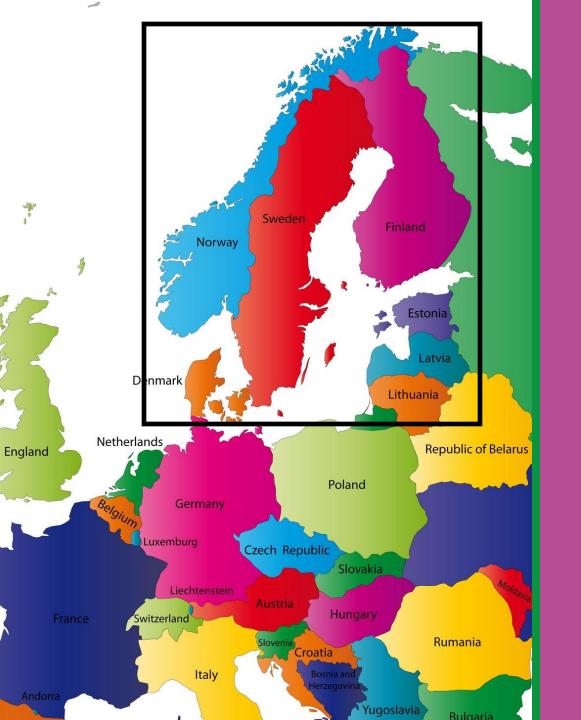
ND

The annual cost of childcare for an infant in a child care center is higher than a year's tuition at the average four-year public college in most US states.

Families making less than \$1500 per month spend more than half their income on child care.

The United States invests LESS in early childhood care and education than any other developed nation.

- 1. National Association of Child Care Resources and Referral Agencies, "Parents and the High Price of Child Care: 2009 Update" (2009)
- 2. U.S. Bureau of the Census, Table 6. Average Weekly Child Care Expenditures of Families with Employed Mothers that make payments, by age groups and selected characteristics: Spring 2010 (Department of Commerce, 2011)
- 3. Source: Social Expenditure database 2012; OECD Education database 2012; Eurostat for EU-countries outside the OECD.



Where are others around the world today?

Early 20th Century Poverty and famine

Early 21st Century
Highly ranked in both
economic competitiveness
and human development

What changed?

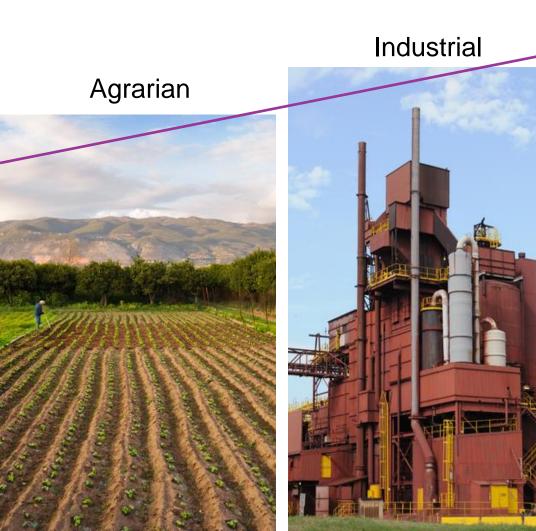
CARING POLICIES

- government-supported childcare
- universal healthcare
- stipends to help families care for children
- elder care with dignity
- generous paid parental leave for both mothers and fathers

Sweden Finland way Estonia Lithuania

Denmark

We are entering a new economic era...



Knowledge/Service

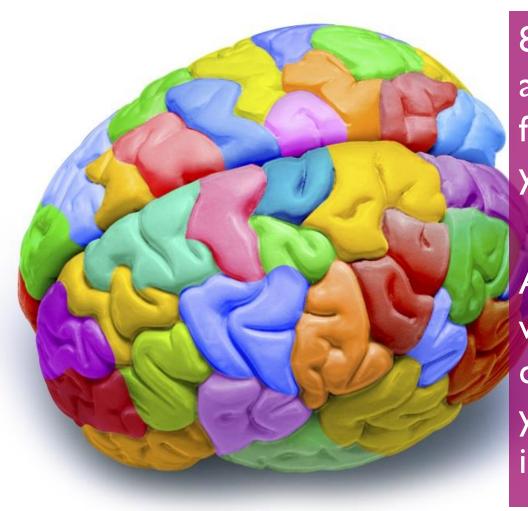




economic success

high quality
"Human
Capital"

Neuroscience shows:



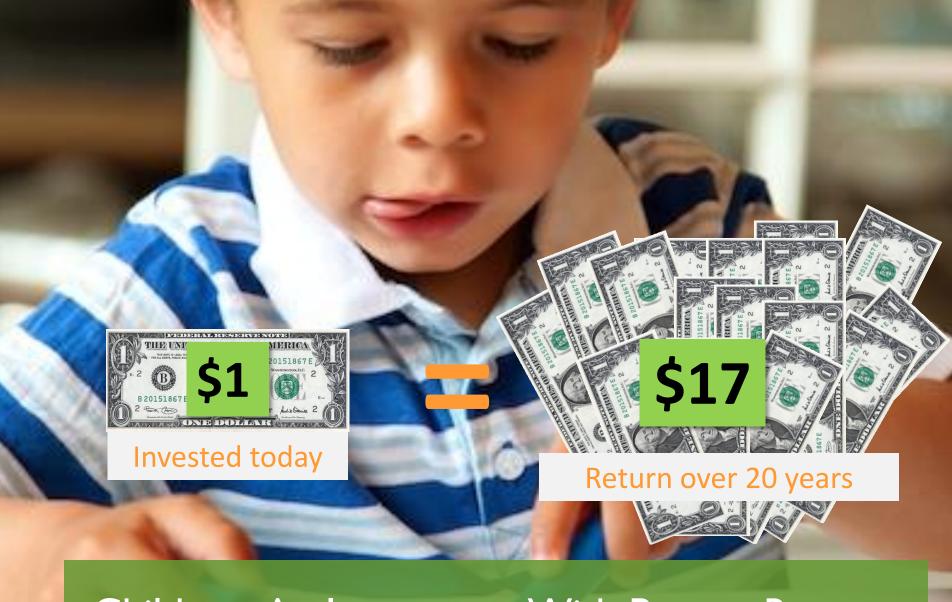
85% of our brain architecture is formed in our first 5 years.

A child's relationship with primary caregivers in those years has a decisive impact on the brain.

economic success



Investments in early childhood are the foundation of economic success



Children: An Investment With Proven Returns

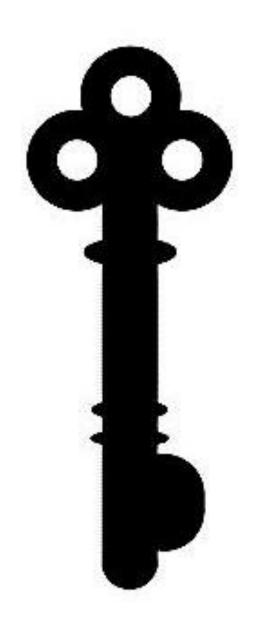
"If we fail to secure childhood, we will fail to reach our larger, global goals for human rights and economic development.

AS CHILDREN GO, SO GO NATIONS.

It's that simple."

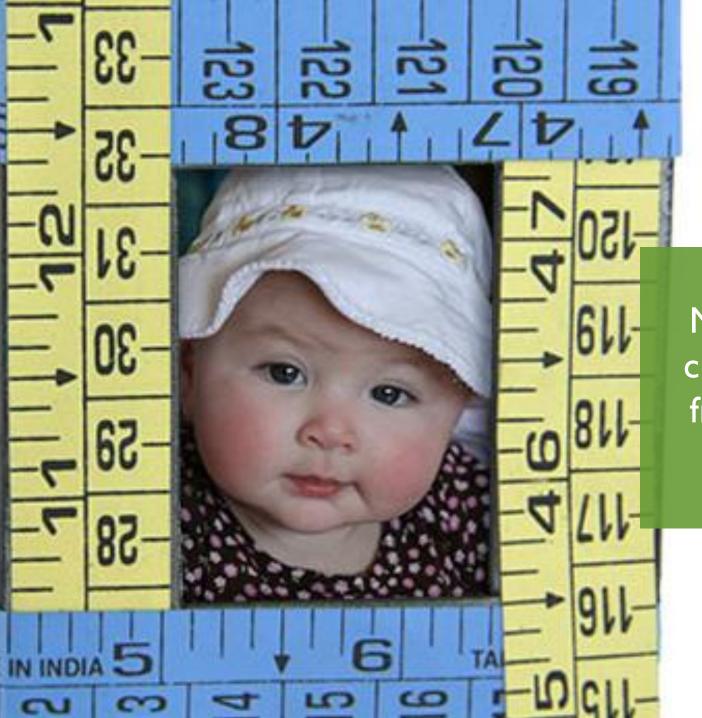
- Carol Bellamy, former UNICEF director





3rd Key

New measures of economic health



Measures create the frame for policy





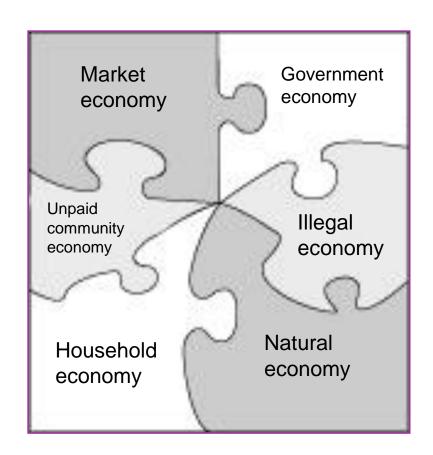












The new economic map



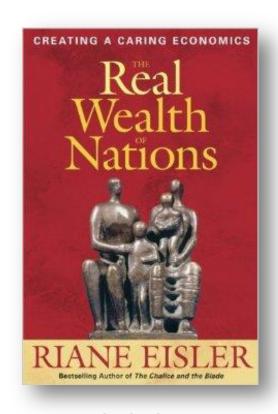
Two Categories of Social Wealth Economic Indicators



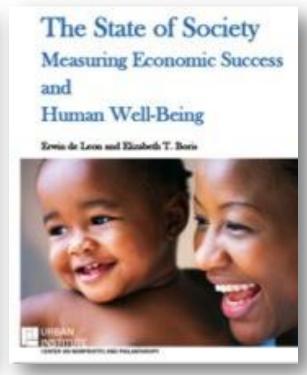
investments in growing human capital (inputs)



the results of those investments (outputs)







Shaped since 2007 by economists, policy makers, academics, advocates, and caregivers

Full Report and Executive Summary www.caringeconomy.org/newindicators



SOCIAL WEALTH ECONOMIC INDICATORS

A New System for Evaluating Economic Prosperity

Indradeep Ghosh, Haverford College with Riane Eisler, President, Center for Partnership Studies

& The Center for Partnership Studies Team: Natalie Cox Brandon P. Smith

November 2014







Building Momentum With

Our Partners







































Empowering great leaders to be EXTRAORDINARY



Learn more about the SWEIs



FAST FACT SHEETS NOW AVAILABLE

http://caringeconomy.org/fast-facts/



FATHERS GAIN WHEN WE CHANGE POLICIES TO VALUE CARE

Consider These Facts:

The value of unpaid care wo

· Countries with a smaller get

global marketplace.

estimated at between 25 -

more economically compet

As women's worldorce par

rate rises, so too does a ni

Societies that promote ger

have stronger democracie

health problems, and are

Involved fathers live longe

productive at work.

children as infants.

they remain more

engaged as their

children grow.

Men's involvement

during and after

their partner's

promotes the

mother's physical and

unpaid domestic labor

opportunity to part

economy, and to ea

increasing human

public costs by de

public assistance.

do, is increased.

& Care promotes eco

· When men participa

When men provide

care for their

"Fathers are becoming partners in care, enriching their lives, their families, and our econ "Fathers are becoming partners in care, enriching their lives, their tamiles, and our econy, it is high time government and business policies support them, rather than stand in their high time government and business poli

The New Dad



Survey after survey reveals that work/family stress impacts men as well as women. Many men today want to be more involved with their families while also succeeding at their jobs. They expect to be as engaged in their careers and their children as their partners are. They

are trying to change the out-dated view of care as "women's work" and the stigma of caregiving as not properly "masculine."

But they face still another obstacle that keeps men from their families, blunting their most important personal relationships. This is the notion perpetuated by conventional economic measures, such as GDP, that care work is not

The truth is that care work is enormously productive, yielding invaluable benefits to families - and our nation's economy. Care produces social wealth. It is the economic engine that fuels our human capacity and lays the groundwork for the creativity and innovation required by our modern global

To show the value of care - and provide more accurace metrics for fathers, mothers, advocates, and policy makers - the Center for Partnership Studies developed Social Wealth Economic Indicators (SWEIs).

www.caringeconomy.org * www.centerforpartnership.org * center@





CHILDREN - THE NATION'S BEST INVESTMENT

"If we fail to secure childhood, we will fail to reach our larger, global goals for human righ economic development. As children go, so go nations. It's that simple."

Children Are the Future

what the future will be like, take a good look at the children you see today. being has everything



to do with how we will all be living in the decades to come. Our post-industrial economy can only thrive if it is supported by a flexible, adaptable and well-trained workforce, and this kind of workforce can only result from focused investment in high quality care, starting in early

In order to realize their potential as adults, humans have irreducible needs in childhood Neuroscience shows that opportunities exist in the earliest months and years for optimal brain development, but once these favorable neurological conditions have passed, they do not recur. Early interactions with parents, family, and other caregivers lay the foundation for both cognitive skills and the emotional skills needed to navigate personal relationships. cultivate resilience and integrity, and solve problems with creativity and innovation Investing in high quality care during childhood yields high returns for our nation's standing in the global marketplace.

So, where does the US stand?

Surprisingly, the US invests much less time and money than other less wealthy countries in ensuring effective care for children, both within the family and elsewhere. The Center for

- no national funding for paid The global standard is 14 w off for maternity leave. In E and Central Asia, the avera statutory paid maternity le
- ♦ The US lacks a paid care! providing paid time off w OECD nations make thi available.
- family benefits on avernations, investing 1% spending, as compare average of 2.6% GDF and the UK dedicate GDP to family benef only Mexico and Ko
- benefits) for fam in formal child o of GDP-less Nordic nations

Partnership Studies Social Wealth E. Indicators (SWEIs) Report shows ti

- More than one fifth of US child poverty, a rate over 4 times as of Denmark Sweden and No. twice the EEOC average.
- The US is the only developed
- @ The IK invests less tha
- Among major deve least in early child and education.
- Public support (



Gender equity puts in motion economic and

social penegra that extend peloud homseyolds

and communicies to national productivity and

global security. In the strongest democracies

and most efficient economies, women's and

done by women is still generally invisible—

Harnessing the power of proven correlations

between the value of care, gender equity, and

shared prosperity, the Caring Economy

anares prosperior the caring economy Campaign (CEC) provides powerful tools for erating more effective public policies.

The CEC's Social Wealth Economic Indicators

(SWEIs) demonstrate the connection between

of care, and advancing human capacity

or care, and advancing numan capacity development and well-being. These new

another, and track their progress over time.

Nations with a smaller gender gap enjoy

Women's worldorce participation

correlates to economic expansion

enhanced global competitiveness, and a

greater prosperity and a higher quality of tig. as well as more robust democracy.

Consider These Facts:

measures compare policies from one place to

layers) demonstrate the connection delivery investing in people, promoting an infrastructure

oone by women to sun generally in resulte - despite its enormous economic contributions.

and more encurse, economical women a servener as encursed and political participation is roughly similar. Yet the family care work mosely

well-being.

WOMEN'S EMPOWERMENT SPARKS ECONOMIC SUCCESS

*Gender equality is not only a basic human right, but its achievement has enormous socio-economic



- The economic value of unpaid domestic labor (e.g. raiting children and running households) represents 25% to 50% of a
- Public investment in care policies (e.g. quality early childhood programs, flexible quanty early ennunced programs, nex workplace arrangements) yield great benefits, lowering public costs and raising
- household income and profes.

 Support for gender equity increases women's political representation and broadens issues addressed by legislative action, especially in education and health.

Why is the status of women a reliable indicator for quality of life for everyone?

Women are half the world's population and the majority of caregivers. In the US, women possess more degrees than men at the undergraduate, graduate, and doctoral levels. When women have higher social and economic status, they are more likely to share in political power. Where women's representation approaches

50% in government, those societies prioritize caring policies. Increased attent and public investment in education and care benefit well-being and economic



security at every income level and in every



















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2. Take an online course

MULTI-SESSION ONLINE CLASSES



The Caring Economy Advocates Program



www.caringeconomy.org/onlineclasses



Changing Our Story - and Our Lives

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http://centerforpartnership.org/changingourstory/

The Caring Economy Advocates Program

Become a Certified Caring Economy Advocate

- Online leadership program
- 6 live sessions
- Small cohort groups
- Practice with language and tools





After the program, Certified Community Advocates are...



Facilitating community
education courses
(Arizona, New Mexico,
Colorado)



Building workshops and developing proposals for a new women's leadership program (Kenya)



Incorporating Caring Economy concepts into economic development initiatives
(Minnesota, Iowa, California, Florida, Pennsylvania, Canada)



Bringing Caring Economics into University curriculum (Sorbonne, Haverford College, U. of Minnesota)

Fall class dates TBD www.caringeconomy.org/advocates



3. Make a Tax-deductible Donation

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Economy Campaign is easy, secure, and fast through	
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donate. All funds go towards continued	
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programs, campaigns, and meeting important	
fundraising goals.	Subscribe
Donate	

www.caringeconomy.org



Sara Saltee



Riane Eisler

Please use the chat box or raise your hand to share your questions and comments





Please Share...

- What aspects of the caring economy framework resonate most strongly with you and your work?
- What questions do you have about the framework? The campaign? The courses?
- What would you like to learn more about?





care = prosperity

www.caringeconomy.org



